THE CITY OF LONDON INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

Janus Henderson

www.cityinvestmenttrust.com

Fund facts at 30 April 2018

Company objective

The Company's objective is to provide long term growth in income and capital, principally by investment in UK equities. The Board continues to recognise the importance of dividend income to shareholders. The latest Annual Report and Key Information Document set out the investment objective and policy in full and you should read them before investing. For commentary from our fund manager please visit our website.

NAV (cum income)	417.7p
NAV (ex income)	416.7p
Share price	425.0p
Discount(-)/premium(+)	+1.7%
Yield	4.16%
Net gearing	9%
Net cash	-
Total assets	£1616m
Net assets	£1472m
Market capitalisation	£1497m
Shares in issue	352,259,868
Total number of holdings	s 105

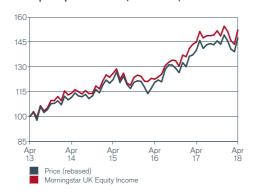
Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used

Ongoing charges

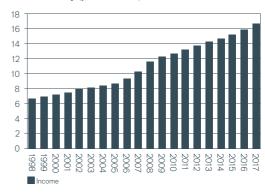
0.42%

(year end 30/06/2017)

Share price performance (total return)



Dividend history (pence/share)



Discount/premium (%) with average line (cum income)



Cumulative performance (cum income) (%)

Performance over	10y	5у	3у	1y	6m
Share price (Total Return)	140.3	47.4	20.6	5.4	1.3
Net Asset Value (Total Return)	n/a	49.5	19.0	6.2	1.4
Benchmark (Total Return)	129.6	52.3	20.9	5.1	0.4
Relative NAV Outperformance	n/a	-2.8	-1.9	1.1	1.0
Peer Group Ranking	n/a	11/20	8/22	12/22	13/22

Peer group rankings are based on the AIC UK Equity Income sector.

Annual performance (cum income) (%)

Discrete year performance % change (updated quarterly)	Price	NAV
31/03/2017 to 30/03/2018	1.4	-0.4
31/03/2016 to 31/03/2017	17.3	15.1
31/03/2015 to 31/03/2016	-2.6	-0.7
31/03/2014 to 31/03/2015	9.1	11.0
28/03/2013 to 31/03/2014	13.0	12.2

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar * Please note, the Morningstar UK Equity Income is not the benchmark, it is the size weighted average of the AlC UK Equity Income sector.

Sector breakdown (%)

Top 10 holdings

Royal Dutch Shell HSBC British American Tobacco Diageo Prudential Unilever RELX Lloyds Banking Group Vodafone Group

(%) Geographical focus 6.7 4.7 3.8 3.5 3.1 3.1

United Kingdom United States Switzerland

Hong Kong

2.9

Germany



(%)

25 0.5

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Please remember that past performance is not a guide to future performance. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested.

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Company information

Stock code CTY AIC sector UK Equity

Benchmark Morningstar UK Equity Income

Company type Conventional (Ords) Launch date 1891

Financial year end 30 Jun **Dividend payment** November. February, May,

August Average

(Source: Numis)

Risk rating

Management fee

0.365% reducing to 0.35% on balance of net assets above £1bn

Performance fee (See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)

Regional focus UK Fund manager 1991 appointment



Fund manager Job Curtis







Glossary

NAV (Cum Income) The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value). NAV (Ex Income) The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value). Share price Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Discount/premium The amount by which the price per share of an investment trust is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value

Total assets Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Net assets Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Market capitalisation Month end closing mid-market share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding at month

Share price total return The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Net asset value total return The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Yield Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

Ongoing charges The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Gearing The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can "gear" is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage The Trust's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Trust's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a trust utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the trust can be greater than those of a trust that does not use leverage.

Net cash A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Risk rating The key measure used to assess risk is volatility of returns, using historic net asset value (NAV) performance of the trust over 1 and 3 years. In this instance volatility measures how much a trust's NAV fluctuates over time in relation to the UK Equity market. The higher a volatility figure, the more the NAV has fluctuated (both up and down) over time. Please note that risk categorisations are indicative and based principally on historic data and should not be solely relied upon when making investment decisions.

For a full list of terminology please visit;

www.hendersoninvestmenttrusts.com

Specific risks

- Not all the investments in this portfolio are made in Sterling, so exchange rates could affect the value of and income from vour investment.
- If a fund is a specialist country-specific or geographic regional fund, the investment carries greater risk than a more internationally diversified portfolio.

How to invest

To find out more visit www.hendersoninvestmenttrusts.com/invest

Other documents available online

Annual Report Key Information Document Fund Manager Commentary http://HGi.co/by6y www.henderson.com/ctykiid http://HGi.co/by13



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